

INTERIM MANAGEMENT REPORT OF FUND PERFORMANCE

For the period ended June 30, 2020

Balanced Private Portfolio

NBI Multiple Asset Class Private Portfolio

Notes on forward-looking statements

This report may contain forward-looking statements concerning the Fund, its future performance, its strategies or prospects or about future events or circumstances. Such forward-looking statements include, among others, statements with respect to our beliefs, plans, expectations, estimates and intentions. The use of the expressions "foresee", "intend", "anticipate", "estimate", "assume", "believe" and "expect" and other similar terms and expressions indicate forward-looking statements.

By their very nature, forward-looking statements imply the use of assumptions and necessarily involve inherent risks and uncertainties. Consequently, there is a significant risk that the explicit or implicit forecasts contained in these forward-looking statements might not materialize or that they may not prove to be accurate in the future. A number of factors could cause future results, conditions or events to differ materially from the objectives, expectations, estimates or intentions expressed in such forward-looking statements. Such differences might be caused by several factors, including changes in Canadian and worldwide economic and financial conditions (in particular interest and exchange rates and the prices of other financial instruments), market trends, new regulatory provisions, competition, changes in technology and the potential impact of conflicts and other international events.

The foregoing list of factors is not exhaustive. Before making any investment decision, investors and others relying on our forward-looking statements should carefully consider the foregoing factors and other factors. We caution readers not to rely unduly on these forward-looking statements. We assume no obligation to update forward-looking statements in the light of new information, future events or other circumstances unless applicable legislation so provides.

This interim management report of fund performance contains financial highlights, but does not contain the complete interim financial statements of the investment fund. You can get a copy of the interim financial statements at your request, and at no cost, by calling 1-888-270-3941 or 514-871-2082, by writing to us at National Bank Investments Advisory Service, 500, Place d'Armes, 12th floor, Montreal, Quebec, H2Y 2W3, by visiting our website at www.nbinvestments.ca, by visiting SEDAR's website at www.sedar.com, or by contacting your advisor. You may also contact us using one of these methods to request a copy of the investment fund's proxy voting policies and procedures, proxy voting disclosure record, or quarterly portfolio disclosure.

Management Discussion of Fund Performance

Results of Operations

For the six-month period ended June 30, 2020, the NBI Multiple Asset Class Private Portfolio's Advisor Series units returned -1.67% compared to 0.46% for the Fund's blended benchmark. The broad-based indices, the FTSE Canada Universe Bond Index (CAD) and the MSCI World Index (CAD), returned 7.53% and -1.03% respectively. Unlike the indices, the Fund's performance is calculated after fees and expenses. Please see the *Past Performance* section for the returns of all of the Fund's series, which may vary mainly because of fees and expenses.

Certain series of the Fund, as applicable, may make distributions at a rate determined by the manager. This rate may change from time to time. If the aggregate amount of distributions in such series exceeds the portion of net income and net realized capital gains allocated to such series, the excess will constitute a return of capital. The manager does not believe that the return of capital distributions made by such series of the Fund have a meaningful impact on the Fund's ability to implement its investment strategy or to fulfill its investment objective.

The Fund's net asset value dropped by 3.88% over the period, from \$189.34 million as at December 31, 2019 to \$182.00 million as at June 30, 2020.

The first half of the new decade showcased one of the most volatile periods in the history of the financial markets. Indeed, after the dramatic equity plunge triggered by a rapidly evolving pandemic and government-imposed lockdowns during the first quarter of the year, Q2 saw a truly spectacular rebound. The key factor behind the fast recovery in asset prices is evidently the massive and coordinated response from government bodies: wartime-like fiscal deficits; the fastest monetary easing in history; and strict confinement measures that have proven to be effective in slowing the spread of the virus in most regions of the world. While this will certainly not prevent global growth from recording its worst contraction in decades, it has, however, laid the groundwork for a recovery in economic activity, as evidenced by the most recent economic data.

After an eventful first half of the year, Canadian equities show a loss of 7.5%; a more than reasonable performance considering that the S&P/TSX was down 37% (from peak to trough) on March 23. Nevertheless, there is a spectacular divergence in sector performance, with Technology stocks up 62% and Energy stocks down 30%. This historical divergence comes from the unique nature of the current economic shock, which is proving to be especially severe for companies that are more directly linked to global growth, whereas some stocks in the technology space are actually benefiting from this context in which social distancing is required.

A similar picture emerges in the United States, the best-performing stock market region over the period. Indeed, the S&P 500 is only down 3.1% after the first six months of the year, a performance that even turns into a gain when translated into Canadian dollars. This relatively good showing reflects the better performance of the technology, health care, and communication services sectors; respectively the first, second, and third biggest sectors of the U.S. flagship stock market index.

Losses also occurred abroad, although the diversification effect of the Canadian dollar has cut these losses almost in half. For instance, emerging markets are showing a decline of 9.7% in U.S. dollars, but over 5% in Canadian dollars. It should also be noted that this region benefited from the strong performance of Chinese equities (+8.8% in Canadian dollars), which accounts for nearly 40% of the main emerging markets index.

For their part, the majority of fixed-income markets managed to post gains over the period, thanks to substantial monetary intervention orchestrated by the major central banks, particularly the U.S. Federal Reserve. After a brief period of turbulence as seen only in times of crisis, monetary authorities quickly lowered their target rates near zero, revived their quantitative easing policies and implemented several programs to ensure that credit markets functioned properly.

Under these circumstances, the Fund underperformed its blended benchmark. Despite an underweight equity position, the Fund was able to largely match rallying stock markets by focusing on better-performing value stocks. From the portfolio manager's point of view, the Fund's biggest success this year relates to how little damage the current crisis has done to it.

Recent Developments

Although no changes were made to the Fund during the second quarter, the portfolio manager made several changes earlier in the year. These changes helped put the Fund on its recent positive journey. Changes done at the beginning of 2020 include a restructuring of the Fund's alternatives. This allowed for better upside capture (while still keeping volatility in check). Specifically, the portfolio manager eliminated preferred shares and an option-writing income strategy. The heightened uncertainty pushed the portfolio manager towards more defensive fixed-income holdings. Secondly, he decided to increase geographic diversification by reducing the Canadian equity weighting in favor of some emerging market exposure. Then in March, he used the opportunity of the market correction to modestly increase the U.S. equity weighting, helping to rebalance the Fund.

After weighing the potential risks and returns, the portfolio manager is more than comfortable keeping a relatively defensive strategy in place. Perhaps surprising, this defensive strategy also includes an underweight in fixed-income securities. This is primarily due to the historically low level of interest rates. Given his caution on the economic recovery, the portfolio manager has a defensive credit position and is only investing in quality corporate bonds. He also prefers a shorter-than-benchmark duration, as longer-term bonds do not offer much yield vs. their exposure to higher rates (10-year Gov. of Canada bond is barely yielding above 0.5%).

On the stock side, the portfolio manager has combined an underweight exposure, with an interesting strategy twist that has allowed him to keep up with the higher markets. On a more tactical basis, he has favored value stocks, which by their nature are more cyclical. On the international side, the portfolio manager has favored both European and emerging market stocks in order to benefit from a cyclical recovery. He believes this positioning will continue to help the Fund match any stock rallies while still providing defensive characteristics.

Another reoccurring theme of the Fund is its current focus on maintaining a high level of diversification. This is not only true of the geographic and sector holdings within the equity asset class, but also within the alternative category. Along with helping to smooth the portfolio's volatility, alternatives continue to generate competitive returns while protecting against higher interest rates, higher inflation and any further market shocks.

On April 30, 2020, the Fund's independent review committee (the "IRC") was reduced to three members when Jacques Valotaire and Jean-François Bernier resigned as IRC members.

Related Party Transactions

National Bank of Canada ("the Bank") and its affiliated companies' roles and responsibilities related to the Fund are as follows:

Trustee, Custodian, and Registrar

Natcan Trust Company ("NTC"), a direct or indirect wholly-owned subsidiary of the Bank, is the Fund's trustee. In this capacity, it is the legal owner of the Fund's investments.

NTC acts as registrar for the Fund's securities and the names of securityholders. NTC also acts as the Fund's custodian. The fees for NTC's custodial services are based on the standard rates in effect at NTC.

Agent for securities lending transactions

NTC acts as the agent for securities lending transactions acts on behalf of the Fund in administering securities lending transactions entered into by the Fund. NTC is an affiliate of the Manager.

Fund Manager

The Fund is managed by National Bank Investments Inc. (“NBII”), which is a wholly-owned subsidiary of the Bank. Therefore, NBII provides or ensures the provision of all general management and administrative services required by the Fund’s current operations, including investment consulting, the arrangement of brokerage contracts for the purchase and sale of the investment portfolio, bookkeeping and other administrative services required by the Fund.

The Manager pays the operating expenses of the Fund other than its “Fund costs” (defined below) (the “variable operating expenses”), in exchange for the Fund’s payment to the Manager of annual fixed-rate administration fees with respect to each series of the Fund.

The administration fees are equal to a specified percentage of the net asset value of each series of the Fund, calculated and paid in the same manner as the Fund’s management fees. The variable operating expenses payable by the Manager include, but are not limited to: transfer agency and recordkeeping costs; custodial costs; accounting and valuation fees; audit fees and legal fees; costs of preparing and distributing financial reports, simplified prospectuses, annual information forms, Fund Facts, continuous disclosure material and other securityholder communications; and costs of trustee services relating to registered tax plans, as applicable.

In addition to administration fees, the Fund shall also pay certain Fund costs, namely: taxes (including, but not limited to, GST/HST and income taxes); costs of compliance with any changes to existing governmental or regulatory requirements introduced after August 1, 2013; costs of compliance with any new governmental or regulatory requirements, including any new fees introduced after August 1, 2013; interest and borrowing costs; costs related to external services that were not commonly charged in the Canadian mutual fund industry as at August 1, 2013; Independent Review Committee costs, including compensation paid to IRC members, travel expenses, insurance premiums and costs associated with their continuing education; and variable operating expenses incurred outside of the normal course of business of the Fund.

The Manager may, from time to time and at its sole discretion, decide to absorb a portion of a series’ management fees, administration fees or Fund costs.

As described under the heading *Management Fees*, the Fund pays annual management fees to NBII as consideration for its services.

Distribution and Dealer Compensation

National Bank Financial Inc. (“NBF”) acts as principal distributor for the Fund. NBF may receive, depending on the distributed series, a monthly commission representing a percentage of the average daily value of the securities held by its clients.

Brokerage Fees

The Fund may pay broker’s commissions at market rates to a corporation affiliated with NBII. The brokerage fees paid by the Fund for the period are as follows:

	Period ended June 30, 2020
Total brokerage fees	16,055.57
Brokerage fees paid to National Bank Financial	16,055.57

Registered Plan Trust Services

NBT receives a fixed amount per registered account for services provided as trustee for registered plans.

Administrative and Operating Services

The provision of certain services was delegated by the Fund Manager, NBII, to National Bank Trust Inc. (“NBT”), a wholly-owned indirect subsidiary of the Bank. These include accounting, reporting and portfolio valuation services. The fees incurred for these services are paid to NBT by the Fund manager.

Management Fees

The Fund pays annual management fees to the Fund manager for its management services. The fees are calculated based on a percentage of the Fund’s daily net asset value before applicable taxes and are paid on a monthly basis. A portion of the management fees paid by the Fund covers maximum annual trailer fees and sales commissions paid to brokers. The remainder of the management fees primarily covers investment management and general administration services. The breakdown of major services provided in consideration of the management fees, expressed as an approximate percentage of the management fees is as follows:

Series	Management Fees	Distribution	Others [†]
Advisor Series			
Front-end load	1.32%	75.76%	24.24%
Series T5			
Front-end load	1.32%	75.76%	24.24%
Series F and Series F5	0.32%	—	100.00%

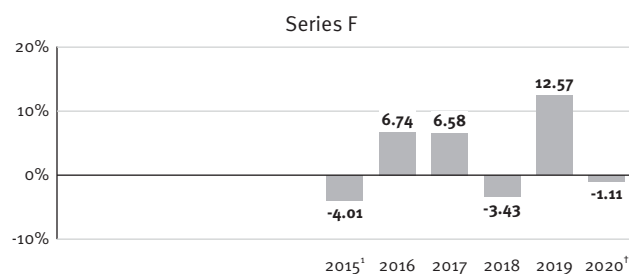
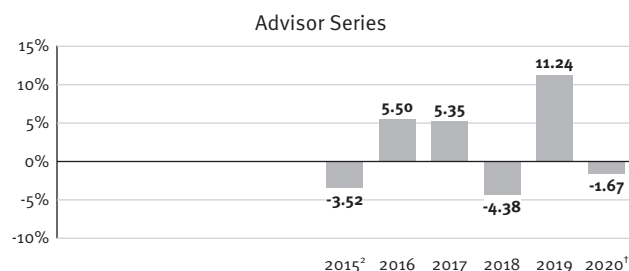
^(†) Includes all costs related to management, investment advisory services, general administration and profit.

Past Performance

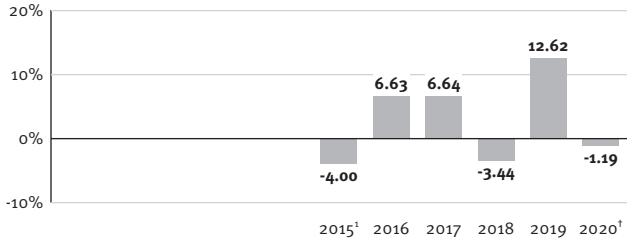
The performance of each series of the Fund is presented below and calculated as at December 31 of each year. It assumes that all distributions made in the periods shown were reinvested in additional securities and does not take into account sales, redemption charges, distributions, or optional charges that would have reduced returns. Past performance of a series of a Fund does not necessarily indicate how it will perform in the future.

Annual Returns

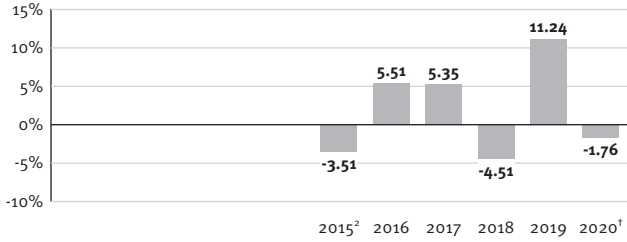
The bar charts indicate the performance for each the Fund’s series in existence greater than one year during the years shown, and illustrate how the performance has changed from year to year. They show, in percentage terms, how much an investment made on January 1 (or made commencing from the start of the series) would have grown or decreased by December 31 of that year, or by June 30, as applicable.



Series F5



Series T5



⁽¹⁾ Returns for the period from May 21, 2015 (commencement of operations) to December 31, 2015.

⁽²⁾ Returns for the period from July 14, 2015 (commencement of operations) to December 31, 2015.

^(†) Returns for the period from January 1, 2020 to June 30, 2020.

Financial Highlights

The following tables show selected key financial information about the Fund and are intended to help you understand the Fund's financial performance for the accounting periods shown.

Advisor Series

Net Assets per Unit ⁽¹⁾		Commencement of operations: July 14, 2015				
Accounting Period Ended	2020 June 30	2019 December 31	2018 December 31	2017 December 31	2016 December 31	2015 December 31
Net Assets, Beginning of Accounting Period Shown ⁽⁴⁾	10.76	9.71	10.59	10.10	9.63	10.00
Increase (Decrease) from Operations (\$)						
Total revenue	0.09	0.21	0.21	0.19	0.20	0.16
Total expenses	(0.08)	(0.17)	(0.17)	(0.17)	(0.16)	(0.08)
Realized gains (losses)	0.07	(0.01)	0.35	0.17	0.01	(0.02)
Unrealized gains (losses)	(0.27)	1.07	(0.86)	0.34	0.65	(0.15)
Total Increase (Decrease) from Operations (\$) ⁽²⁾	(0.19)	1.10	(0.47)	0.53	0.70	(0.09)
Distributions (\$)						
From net investment income (excluding dividends)	—	—	—	—	—	—
From dividends	—	0.04	0.04	0.06	0.06	0.02
From capital gains	—	—	0.36	—	—	—
Return of capital	—	—	—	—	—	—
Total Annual Distributions (\$) ⁽³⁾	—	0.04	0.40	0.06	0.06	0.02
Net Assets, End of Accounting Period Shown (\$) ⁽⁴⁾	10.58	10.76	9.71	10.59	10.10	9.63

Ratios and Supplemental Data

Accounting Period Ended	2020 June 30	2019 December 31	2018 December 31	2017 December 31	2016 December 31	2015 December 31
Total net asset value (ooo's of \$) ⁽⁵⁾	70,132	70,371	62,620	64,026	50,226	16,174
Number of units outstanding ⁽⁵⁾	6,629,941	6,537,745	6,451,729	6,049,146	4,973,166	1,679,641
Management expense ratio (%) ⁽⁶⁾	1.75	1.75	1.78	1.79	1.83	1.67
Management expense ratio before waivers or absorptions (%)	1.75	1.75	1.78	1.79	1.83	1.67
Trading expense ratio (%) ⁽⁷⁾	0.03	0.03	0.03	0.04	0.03	0.20
Portfolio turnover rate (%) ⁽⁸⁾	15.73	35.11	38.47	42.20	17.10	16.38
Net asset value per unit (\$)	10.58	10.76	9.71	10.58	10.10	9.63

Series F

Net Assets per Unit ⁽¹⁾		Commencement of operations: May 21, 2015				
Accounting Period Ended	2020 June 30	2019 December 31	2018 December 31	2017 December 31	2016 December 31	2015 December 31
Net Assets, Beginning of Accounting Period Shown ⁽⁴⁾	10.63	9.58	10.50	9.98	9.51	10.00
Increase (Decrease) from Operations (\$)						
Total revenue	0.09	0.21	0.20	0.19	0.19	0.20
Total expenses	(0.02)	(0.05)	(0.05)	(0.05)	(0.05)	(0.04)
Realized gains (losses)	0.07	(0.01)	0.36	0.16	0.02	(0.02)
Unrealized gains (losses)	(0.28)	1.05	(0.84)	0.35	0.53	(0.31)
Total Increase (Decrease) from Operations (\$) ⁽²⁾	(0.14)	1.20	(0.33)	0.65	0.69	(0.17)
Distributions (\$)						
From net investment income (excluding dividends)	0.01	0.04	0.01	0.03	0.05	0.02
From dividends	0.02	0.11	0.15	0.10	0.12	0.07
From capital gains	—	—	0.40	—	—	—
Return of capital	—	—	—	—	—	—
Total Annual Distributions (\$) ⁽³⁾	0.03	0.15	0.56	0.13	0.17	0.09
Net Assets, End of Accounting Period Shown (\$) ⁽⁴⁾	10.48	10.63	9.58	10.50	9.98	9.51

Ratios and Supplemental Data

Accounting Period Ended	2020 June 30	2019 December 31	2018 December 31	2017 December 31	2016 December 31	2015 December 31
Total net asset value (ooo's of \$) ⁽⁵⁾	107,025	113,134	97,787	130,247	114,847	84,011
Number of units outstanding ⁽⁵⁾	10,215,010	10,639,230	10,203,075	12,404,412	11,506,682	8,831,077
Management expense ratio (%) ⁽⁶⁾	0.63	0.65	0.68	0.68	0.69	0.48
Management expense ratio before waivers or absorptions (%)	0.63	0.65	0.68	0.68	0.69	0.48
Trading expense ratio (%) ⁽⁷⁾	0.03	0.03	0.03	0.04	0.03	0.20
Portfolio turnover rate (%) ⁽⁸⁾	15.73	35.11	38.47	42.20	17.10	16.38
Net asset value per unit (\$)	10.48	10.63	9.58	10.50	9.98	9.51

Series F5

Net Assets per Unit⁽¹⁾

Commencement of operations: May 21, 2015

Accounting Period Ended	2020 June 30	2019 December 31	2018 December 31	2017 December 31	2016 December 31	2015 December 31
Net Assets, Beginning of Accounting Period Shown ^(a)	8.96	8.34	9.51	9.38	9.26	10.00
Increase (Decrease) from Operations (\$)						
Total revenue	0.07	0.18	0.18	0.17	0.17	0.17
Total expenses	(0.02)	(0.04)	(0.04)	(0.05)	(0.04)	(0.04)
Realized gains (losses)	0.06	—	0.32	0.15	0.02	(0.02)
Unrealized gains (losses)	(0.38)	0.88	(0.73)	0.36	0.42	(0.36)
Total Increase (Decrease) from Operations (\$) ^(a)	(0.27)	1.02	(0.27)	0.63	0.57	(0.25)
Distributions (\$)						
From net investment income (excluding dividends)	0.01	0.04	0.01	0.03	0.04	0.01
From dividends	0.02	0.10	0.13	0.13	0.13	0.10
From capital gains	—	—	0.38	—	—	—
Return of capital	0.19	0.28	0.33	0.31	0.31	0.22
Total Annual Distributions (\$) ⁽³⁾	0.22	0.42	0.85	0.47	0.48	0.33
Net Assets, End of Accounting Period Shown (\$) ^(a)	8.62	8.96	8.34	9.51	9.38	9.26

Ratios and Supplemental Data

Accounting Period Ended	2020 June 30	2019 December 31	2018 December 31	2017 December 31	2016 December 31	2015 December 31
Total net asset value (000's of \$) ⁽⁵⁾	3,377	4,232	3,860	6,003	7,921	11,713
Number of units outstanding ⁽⁵⁾	391,745	472,304	462,651	631,296	844,222	1,264,034
Management expense ratio (%) ⁽⁶⁾	0.64	0.65	0.67	0.67	0.68	0.48
Management expense ratio before waivers or absorptions (%)	0.64	0.65	0.67	0.67	0.68	0.48
Trading expense ratio (%) ⁽⁷⁾	0.03	0.03	0.03	0.04	0.03	0.20
Portfolio turnover rate (%) ⁽⁸⁾	15.73	35.11	38.47	42.20	17.10	16.38
Net asset value per unit (\$)	8.62	8.96	8.34	9.51	9.38	9.27

Series T5

Net Assets per Unit⁽¹⁾

Commencement of operations: July 14, 2015

Accounting Period Ended	2020 June 30	2019 December 31	2018 December 31	2017 December 31	2016 December 31	2015 December 31
Net Assets, Beginning of Accounting Period Shown ^(a)	8.72	8.22	9.45	9.43	9.39	10.00
Increase (Decrease) from Operations (\$)						
Total revenue	0.07	0.17	0.18	0.17	0.19	0.20
Total expenses	(0.07)	(0.14)	(0.15)	(0.16)	(0.15)	(0.08)
Realized gains (losses)	0.06	—	0.31	0.15	0.01	(0.03)
Unrealized gains (losses)	(0.21)	0.91	(0.74)	0.31	0.58	(0.33)
Total Increase (Decrease) from Operations (\$) ^(a)	(0.15)	0.94	(0.40)	0.47	0.63	(0.24)
Distributions (\$)						
From net investment income (excluding dividends)	—	—	—	—	—	—
From dividends	—	0.03	0.03	0.05	0.06	0.04
From capital gains	—	—	0.35	—	—	—
Return of capital	0.22	0.38	0.44	0.42	0.41	0.21
Total Annual Distributions (\$) ⁽³⁾	0.22	0.41	0.82	0.47	0.47	0.25
Net Assets, End of Accounting Period Shown (\$) ^(a)	8.34	8.72	8.22	9.45	9.43	9.39

Ratios and Supplemental Data

Accounting Period Ended	2020 June 30	2019 December 31	2018 December 31	2017 December 31	2016 December 31	2015 December 31
Total net asset value (000's of \$) ⁽⁵⁾	1,463	1,607	1,682	1,971	2,084	1,081
Number of units outstanding ⁽⁵⁾	175,362	184,232	204,596	208,619	221,100	115,078
Management expense ratio (%) ⁽⁶⁾	1.79	1.79	1.82	1.83	1.80	1.67
Management expense ratio before waivers or absorptions (%)	1.79	1.79	1.82	1.83	1.80	1.68
Trading expense ratio (%) ⁽⁷⁾	0.03	0.03	0.03	0.04	0.03	0.20
Portfolio turnover rate (%) ⁽⁸⁾	15.73	35.11	38.47	42.20	17.10	16.38
Net asset value per unit (\$)	8.34	8.72	8.22	9.45	9.43	9.40

- ⁽¹⁾ This information is derived from the Fund's Annual Audited Financial Statements and Interim Unaudited Financial Statements. The net assets per unit presented in the financial statements might differ from the net asset value calculated for fund pricing purposes. The differences are explained in the notes to the financial statements.
- ⁽²⁾ Net assets and distributions are based on the actual number of units outstanding at the relevant time. The increase or decrease from operations is based on the average number of units outstanding over the accounting period. For all series created before 2016, the detailed calculation of the total Increase (Decrease) from Operations as at December 31, 2015 has been adjusted to reflect the proper allocation between the following items: Total revenue, Total expenses, Realized gain (losses) and/or Unrealized gain (losses). It is a non-material correction related to a programming error in the ratio calculation.
- ⁽³⁾ Distributions were paid in cash or reinvested in additional units of the Fund, or both.
- ⁽⁴⁾ The net assets are calculated in accordance with IFRS.
- ⁽⁵⁾ This information is provided as at the last day of the accounting period shown.
- ⁽⁶⁾ Management expense ratio is based on total expenses including sales taxes for the accounting period indicated (excluding commission, other portfolio transaction costs and withholding taxes) and is expressed as an annualized percentage of daily average net value during the accounting period. The management expense ratio before waivers or absorptions as at December 31, 2015 has been adjusted for Series T5 to reflect a non-material correction related to a programming error in the ratio calculation.
- ⁽⁷⁾ The trading expense ratio represents total commissions and other portfolio transaction costs expressed as an annualized percentage of daily average net asset value during the accounting period. The trading expense ratio includes, if necessary, the trading expenses from its underlying funds, as described in Article 15.2 of Regulation 81-106. Since calculating an average daily allocation of the trading expenses would take considerable effort, an average monthly allocation has been used instead for the accounting periods prior to 2016. For series created before 2016, the trading expense ratio as at December 31, 2015 has been adjusted to reflect a non-material correction related to a programming error in the ratio calculation.
- ⁽⁸⁾ The Fund's portfolio turnover rate indicates how actively the Fund portfolio's manager manages its portfolio investments. A portfolio turnover rate of 100% is equivalent to the Fund buying and selling all of the securities in its portfolio once in the course of the accounting period. The higher a Fund's portfolio turnover rate in an accounting period, the greater the trading costs payable by the Fund in the accounting period, and the greater the chance of an investor receiving taxable capital gains in the accounting period. There is not necessarily a relationship between a high turnover rate and the performance of a Fund.

Summary of Investment Portfolio

As of June 30, 2020

Portfolio Top Holdings

	% of Net Asset Value
Horizons S&P/TSX 60 Index ETF.....	18.6
iShares, Canadian Universe Bond Index ETF.....	15.1
Vanguard Canadian Aggregate Bond Index ETF.....	8.4
BMO S&P 500 Index ETF.....	7.2
Vanguard FTSE Developed Markets ETF.....	6.3
Invesco S&P 500 Equal Weight ETF.....	5.9
CI WISDOMTREE CANADA QUALITY.....	5.6
SPDR, Gold Shares.....	4.5
iShares Floating Rate Index ETF.....	4.4
PIMCO Monthly Income Fund, Series ETF.....	3.8
Horizons Active Corporate Bond ETF.....	3.7
BMO MSCI Emerging Markets Index ETF.....	3.4
Vanguard Value ETF.....	3.1
Mackenzie US Tips Index ETF (CAD-Hedged).....	2.7
Purpose High Interest Savings ETF.....	2.3
iShares MSCI EAFE Value ETF.....	2.2
iShares, MSCI Eurozone ETF.....	1.8
Cash, Money Market and Other Net Assets.....	1.0
	100.0

Net asset value \$181,997,146

Asset Mix

	% of Net Asset Value
Fixed Income.....	31.6
Global Equity.....	29.9
Canadian Equity.....	24.2
Alternative Investments.....	11.0
Cash, Money Market and Other Net Assets.....	3.3

Sector Allocation

	% of Net Asset Value
Financials.....	19.8
Industrials.....	12.1
Information Technology.....	11.8
Energy.....	8.9
Consumer Discretionary.....	8.9
Communication Services.....	8.0
Materials.....	7.9
Health Care.....	7.1
Consumer Staples.....	6.6
Utilities.....	3.7
Real Estate.....	1.9
Cash, Money Market and Other Net Assets.....	3.3

The above table shows the top 25 positions held by the Fund. In the case of a Fund with fewer than 25 positions, all positions are indicated.

The Summary of Investment Portfolio may change due to ongoing portfolio transactions of the investment Fund. A quarterly update is available. Please consult our Web site at www.nbinvestments.ca.